

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8550c

Specification

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application WB, FC, IHC-P-Leica, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Antigen Region
P17181
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3454

Other Names

Interferon alpha/beta receptor 1, IFN-R-1, IFN-alpha/beta receptor 1, Cytokine receptor class-II member 1, Cytokine receptor family 2 member 1, CRF2-1, Type I interferon receptor 1, IFNAR1, IFNAR

Target/Specificity

This IFNAR1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 162-188 amino acids of human IFNAR1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25

IHC-P-Leica~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

Name IFNAR1



Synonyms IFNAR

Function Together with IFNAR2, forms the heterodimeric receptor for type I interferons (including interferons alpha, beta, epsilon, omega and kappa) (PubMed: 10049744, PubMed: 14532120, PubMed: 15337770, PubMed: 2153461, PubMed: 21854986, PubMed: 24075985, PubMed: 31270247, PubMed: 33252644, PubMed: 35442418, PubMed: 7813427). Type I interferon binding activates the JAK-STAT signaling cascade, resulting in transcriptional activation or repression of interferon-regulated genes that encode the effectors of the interferon response (PubMed: 10049744, PubMed: 21854986, PubMed: 7665574). Mechanistically, type I interferonbinding brings the IFNAR1 and IFNAR2 subunits into close proximity with one another, driving their associated Janus kinases (JAKs) (TYK2 bound to IFNAR1 and JAK1 bound to IFNAR2) to cross-phosphorylate one another (PubMed:21854986, PubMed:32972995, PubMed:7665574, PubMed: 7813427). The activated kinases phosphorylate specific tyrosine residues on the intracellular domains of IFNAR1 and IFNAR2, forming docking sites for the STAT transcription factors (PubMed: 21854986, PubMed: 32972995, PubMed: 7526154, PubMed: 7665574, PubMed: 7813427). STAT proteins are then phosphorylated by the JAKs, promoting their translocation into the nucleus to regulate expression of interferon-regulated genes (PubMed: 19561067, PubMed: 21854986, PubMed: 32972995, PubMed: 7665574, PubMed: 7813427, PubMed:9121453). Can also act independently of IFNAR2: form an active IFNB1 receptor by itself and activate a signaling cascade that does not involve activation of the JAK-STAT pathway (By similarity).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Late endosome. Lysosome. Note=Interferon binding triggers internalization of the receptor from the cell membrane into endosomes and then into lysosomes.

Tissue Location

IFN receptors are present in all tissues and even on the surface of most IFN-resistant cells. Isoform 1, isoform 2 and isoform 3 are expressed in the IFN-alpha sensitive myeloma cell line U266B1. Isoform 2 and isoform 3 are expressed in the IFN-alpha resistant myeloma cell line U266R. Isoform 1 is not expressed in IFN- alpha resistant myeloma cell line U266R.

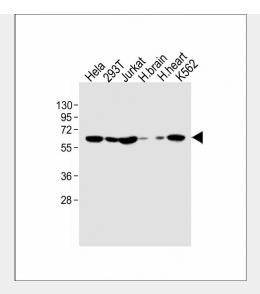
IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

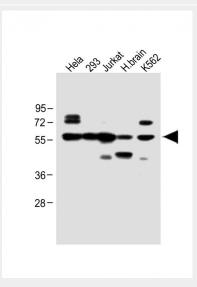
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) - Images





All lanes : Anti-IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: 293T whole cell lysate Lane 3: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 4: human brain lysate Lane 5: human heart lysate Lane 6: K562 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 64 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

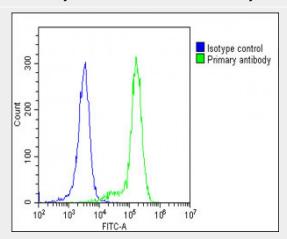


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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using AP8550C performed on the Leica® BOND RXm. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody(1:1000) for 1 hours at room temperature. A undiluted biotinylated CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



Overlay histogram showing K562 cells stained with AP8550C(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP8550C, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(1583138) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG1 (1 μ g/1x10 $^{\circ}$ 6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) - Background

IFNAR1 is the receptor for interferons alpha and beta. Binding to type I IFNs triggers tyrosine phosphorylation of a number of proteins including JAKs, TYK2, STAT proteins and IFNR alpha-and beta-subunits themselves.

IFNAR1 Antibody (Center) - Citations

- Function of multiple sclerosis-protective HLA class I alleles revealed by genome-wide protein-quantitative trait loci mapping of interferon signalling
- Resolving TYK2 locus genotype-to-phenotype differences in autoimmunity.



